

## ETICS-CERESIT CERETHERM IMPACTUM EPS



Issuance date: 01.04.2022

Validity date: 01.04.2027

### EPD program operator:

Building Research Institute (ITB), 00-611

Warsaw, Filtrowa 1 [www.itb.pl](http://www.itb.pl);

Contact person: Michał Piasecki

([m.piasecki@itb.pl](mailto:m.piasecki@itb.pl))

ITB is the verified member of The European Platform for EPD program operators and LCA practitioners. [www.eco-platform.org](http://www.eco-platform.org)



### Manufacturer:

HENKEL Operations Sp. Z o.o.

Office: Domaniewska 41, 02-672 Warsaw

Contact person: Karol Bednarczyk, ([karol.bednarczyk@henkel.com](mailto:karol.bednarczyk@henkel.com))

Website: [www.henkel.pl](http://www.henkel.pl)

### Manufacturing sites information:

#### **Henkel Polska Operations Sp. z o.o.**

Stara Góra, 26-220 Stąporków  
Poland

#### **Henkel Balti Operations OÜ**

Klassi 9, 50409 Tartu,  
Estonia

#### **Henkel Romania Operations SRL**

Soseaua de Centura Pantelimon no 78,  
Romania

#### **Henkel Polska Operations Sp. z o.o.**

Pieszycza 6, 58-200 Dzierżoniów  
Poland

#### **Henkel Bulgaria Operations EOOD**

Building Materials Plant  
Mirovjane, 1289 Sofia,  
Bulgaria

#### **Henkel Romania Operations SRL**

Factory Campia Turzii  
405100 Street Iancu Jianu 33,  
Romania

#### **Henkel Polska Operations Sp. z o.o.**

Wrząca, 64-905 Stobno  
Poland

#### **Henkel Srbija d.o.o.**

Save Kovacevica b.b, 22320 Indjija,  
Serbia

#### **Henkel Romania Operations SRL**

Str. Paltinului, nr. 1392  
Roznov, jud. Neamt  
Romania

## Basic information

This declaration is the type III Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) based on EN 15804 and verified according to ISO 14025 by external auditor. It contains the information on the impacts of declared construction materials on environment. Basically, a comparison or evaluation of EPD data is possible only if all the compared data were created according to EN 15804 (see point 5.3 of the standard).

**Life cycle:** A1-A3 modules in accordance with EN 15804 (Cradle to Gate)

**The year of preparing the characteristic:** 2022

**Declared durability:** Under normal conditions, ETICS products are expected to last the service life of a building (60 years)

**PCR:** ITB PCR A (PCR based on EN 15804)

**Declared unit:** 1 m<sup>2</sup> of ETICS

**Reasons for performing LCA:** B2B

**Representativeness:** European product

## Manufacturer and Product Information

Henkel offers a very wide choice of ETIC Systems tailored to varied needs. While all of them guarantee insulating performance and durability, some have additional properties, such as for example exceptionally quick installation or the impact resistance.

### Application

HENKEL ETICS is a trade name for External Thermal Insulation Composite System, which comprises insulation board (bonded and mechanically fixed) with reinforced undercoat, and decorative finishes as described in European Technical Approval ETA-13/0086. The system is complete and equipped with a vast selection of adhesives, base coats, renders and decorative coats of various colors. The system provides variety of solutions depending on requirements of the investors, building designers and construction workers. HENKEL ETICS also offers a wide range of solutions for all building types, from detached houses to multi-storey developments (< 25 m high). It is fully certified and the exact specification is tailored to meet the requirements of each project, whether residential or commercial, in compliance with all current building regulations in Poland and Europe.

The thermal insulation technology, used in fixing thermal insulation, is made of foamed polystyrene boards (EPS) and the substrate and preparation of a reinforced layer, a render coating and, an obligatory or optional paint coating. The system can be applied both on new, or existing external surfaces of vertical building walls (already plastered, or not) made of masonry, or adhered materials, such as bricks and blocks (ceramic, lime-sand, stone, cellular concrete), or of concrete (poured at the construction site, or in the form of prefabricated elements).

Ceresit Ceretherm IMPACTUM ETICS is a system for general application in terms of thermal insulation.

## Distinguishing features

- High durability
- flexibility and impact resistance to mechanical damage (100 J) and thermal stresses
- strengthened with carbon, glass and polyacrylamide fibers
- UV resistance
- highly hydrophobic (deep structural hydrophobisation)
- low water uptake of the system
- high resistance to biological contamination (structure and structural hydrophobicity)
- self-cleaning and dirt resistant
- excellent working parameters
- quick and convenient in installation (rendering mortar R2U
  - no priming paint)
- possible use of dark and intense colors (HBW  $\geq$  5%) on facades

**Recommended substrates:** aerated concrete (dry) well ventilated building, concrete, ceramic bricks and ceramic blocks

**Recommended buildings:** single family houses, blocks of flats up to 11 floors (up to 25 m) and public buildings

**Especially recommended for:** buildings located in areas with high temperatures differences, tough weather conditions and strong UV exposure,

buildings located in high air humidity areas and buildings located in air polluted areas (close to roads, industrial areas)

**Strongly recommended for:** socles, fronts of buildings and entrances

The subject of this EPD is based on the actual technical documents for factory HENKEL Operations Sp. z o.o. in Poland and other mentioned European HENKEL factories. All actual technical documents are always available on HENKEL website.



Mechanical resistance is well illustrated in the test of striking the system surface with a 5 kg ball from a height of 2 m

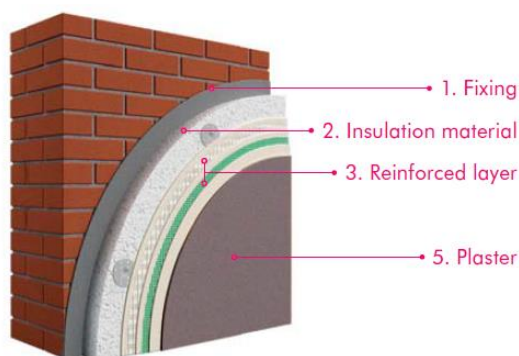


Low-resistance system



Ceresit Impactum System

**Figure 1.** IMPACTUM system



**Figure 2.** IMPACTUM ETICS layers

Set of products for Ceresit Ceretherm IMPACTUM under this EPD is shown in Table 1

**Table 1. Ceresit Ceretherm IMPACTUM ETICS specification**

Element	IMPACTUM EPS
Fixing	ZS (second name CT 81), ZU(second name CT 82), CT 80/Thermo universal, CT 83, CT 85
Insulation	EPS
Reinforcing mortar	CT 100
Priming Paint	-
Acrylic plaster	CT 60/1.5mm
SILIKONOWO SILIKATOWE	CT 174/1.5mm
Sicicate plaster	CT 72/1.5mm
Silicone plaster	CT 74/1.5mm
Elastomeric plaster	CT 79/1.5
Mozaic paint	CT 77 (0.8-2.0mm)

Environmental characteristics (LCA) for HENKEL ETICS are presented in a few cases, depending on:

- kind of finishing coat: mineral, acrylic, silicate, silicone or mixed (silicone-silicate) and
- thickness of EPS boards for reference ranging from 10cm up to 30cm.

## LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA) – general rules applied

### Allocation

The allocation rules used for this EPD are based on general ITB-PCR A. The ETICS system production is a line process with multiple co-products. Allocation was done on product mass basis.

All impacts from raw materials extraction are allocated in A1 module of EPD. 99.9% of impacts from line production were inventoried and allocated to all ETICS sub products production which generates different percentage of production in each of factories impacts in module A3. Municipal wastes and waste water of all factories were allocated to module A3. Electricity was inventoried in each factory for whole production process. Emissions were measured separately and presented in A3 module.

### System limits

The life cycle analysis of the examined products covers “Product Stage”, A1-A3 modules (Cradle to Gate) in accordance with EN 15804+A1 and ITB-PCR A. Details on systems limits are provided in product specific report. All materials and energy consumption inventoried in factory were included in calculation. Offices impacts were also taken into consideration. In the assessment, all significant parameters from gathered production data are considered, i.e. all material used per formulation, utilised thermal energy, internal fuel and electric power consumption, direct production waste, and all available emission measurements. This study also takes into account some material flows of less than 1% and energy flows with a proportion of less than 1 %. It can be assumed that the total sum of omitted processes does not exceed 5% of all impact categories. In accordance with EN 15804, machines and facilities (capital goods) required for and during production are excluded, as is transportation of employees.

### A1 and A2 Modules: Raw materials supply and transport

Raw materials for ETICS production come from local suppliers and from more distant locations. Data on transport of the different products to the manufacturing plants is collected and modelled for all factories by assessor. Means of transport include truck, train and ship, and Polish and European fuel averages are applied.

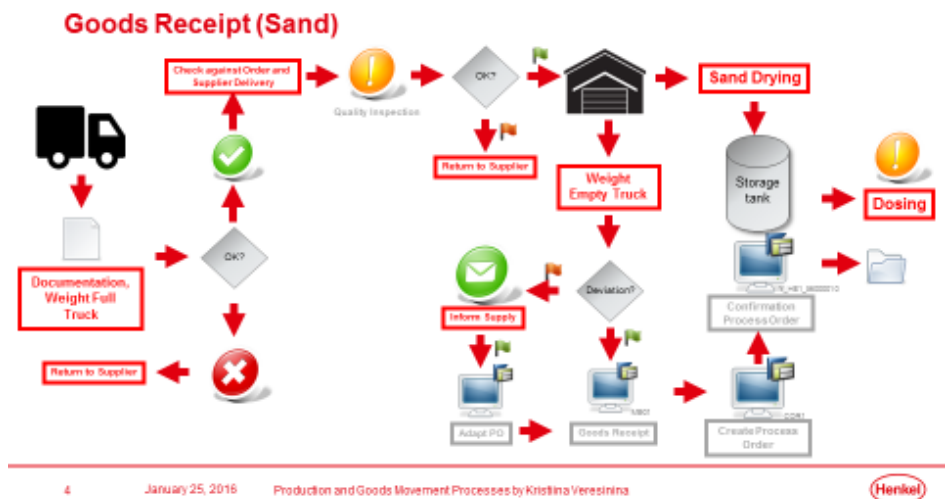
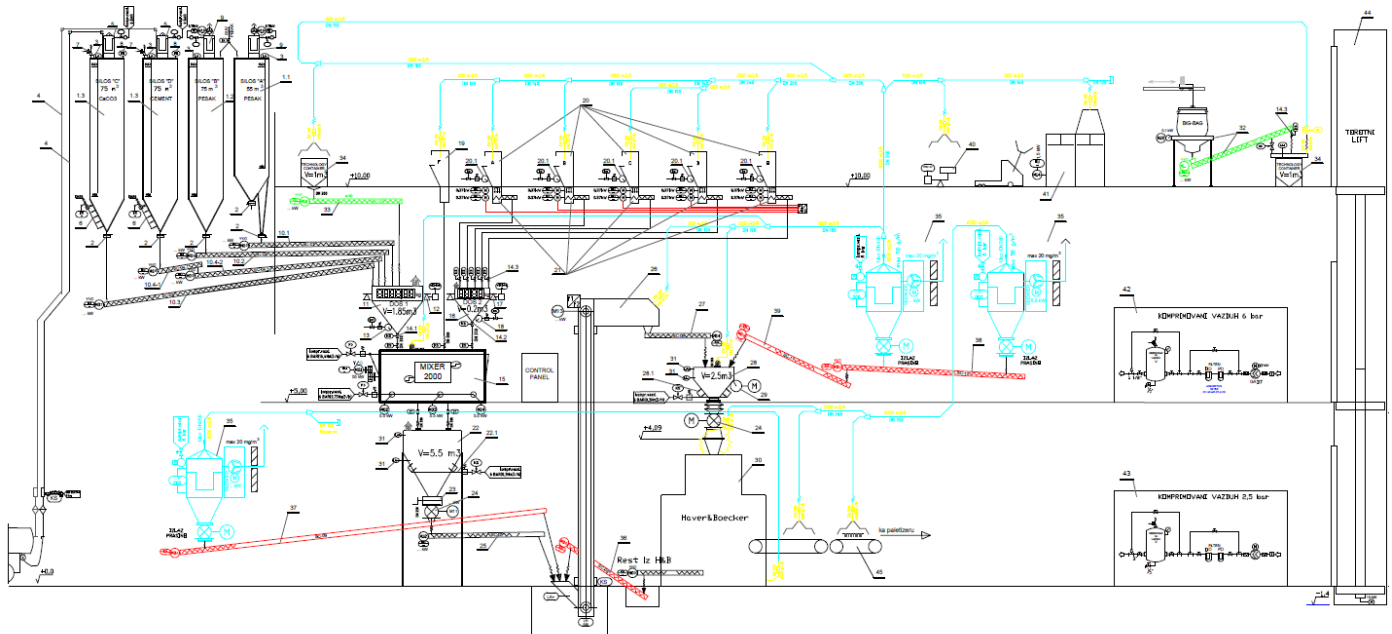


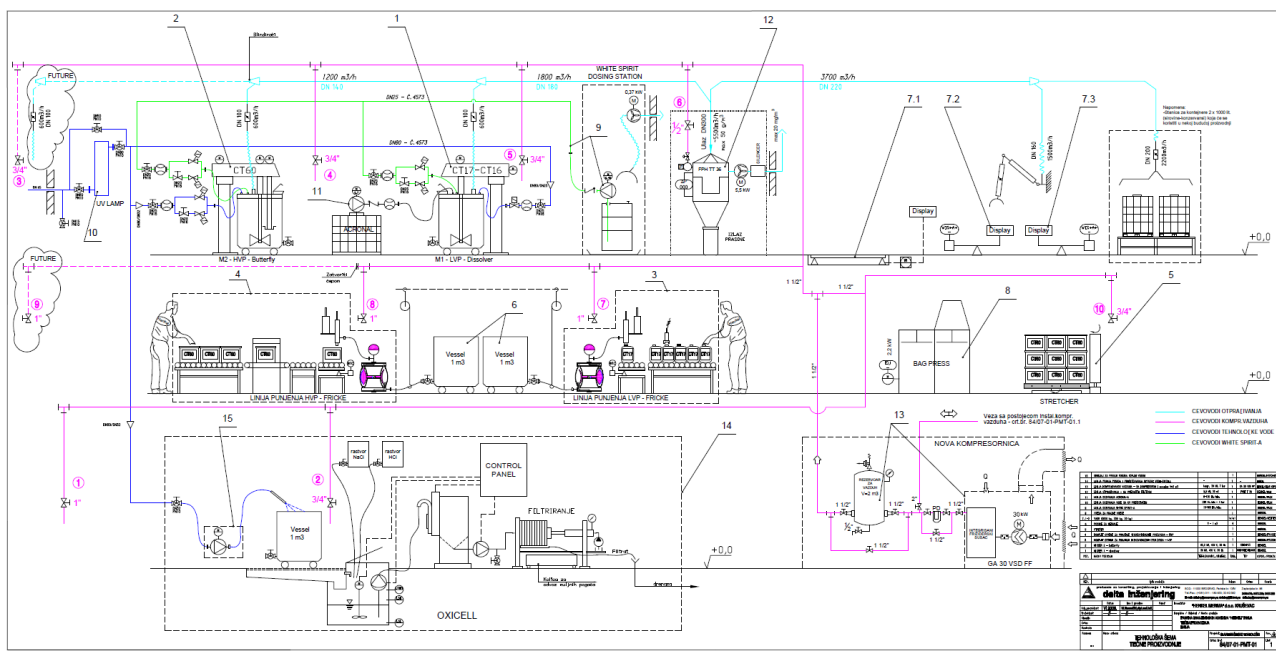
Figure 3. Raw materials delivery scheme.

### A3: Production

The Figure 4 show the working process for dry production, Figure 5 - wet production. The raw materials are stored in the production factory in silos, big bags, or sacks accordingly. According to the applicable formulation, they are dosed and intensely mixed. Next, products are filled into containers (or packed into paper bags – dry mixes) and send to quality control. Then, they are temporarily stored, or delivered directly as ready-to-use products.



**Figure 4.** Dry products production scheme at HENKEL factories



**Figure 5** Wet products production scheme at HENKEL factories

Manufacturing covers all processes linked to production, which comprises various related operations besides on-site activities, including Ceresit Ceretherm components production process, packaging and internal transportation. The manufacturing process also yields data on the combustion of refinery products, such as diesel and gasoline, related to the production process. Use of electricity, fuels and auxiliary materials in the production is taken into account using national data. The environmental profile of these energy carriers is modelled by ITB for average Polish and European conditions. Packaging-related flows in the production process and all upstream packaging are included in the manufacturing module. Apart from production of packaging material,

the supply and transport of packaging material are also considered in the LCA model. It is assumed that packaging waste generated in the course of production and up-stream processes is 100% collected and incinerated based on a multi-input and multi-output process specific to the elementary composition of the waste. Energy (e.g. electricity) is credited using national production averages.

## Data collection period

The data for manufacture of the examined products refer to the year 2021. The life cycle assessments were prepared for locations in Poland and Europe as reference area.

## Data quality

The values determined to calculate the LCA originate from verified HENKEL inventory data.

## Assumptions and estimates

The impacts of the representative HENKEL products for each ETICS component were aggregated using weighted average. The weighted average method was used according to the percentage of each product in ETICS based on the relation to whole production quantity. Impacts for each product and factory were inventoried and calculated separately.

## Calculation rules

LCA was done in accordance to PCR A document.

## Note

Factory-prefabricated boards made of expanded polystyrene (EPS), mesh glass fibre and anchors are not produced by HENKEL. The impacts of those products were included from databases indicated below.

## Databases

The data for the processes come from the following databases: Ecoinvent v3.8, Plastic-Europe, ITB-Data, SPC, PSPS. Specific data quality analysis was a part of external ISO audit. Characterization factors are CML ver. 4.2 based on EN 15804.

## LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA) - Results

### Declared unit

The declaration refers to 1 m<sup>2</sup> of complete ETICS.

**Table 2. System boundaries for environmental characteristic for Ceresit Ceretherm IMPACTUM ETICS**

Environmental assessment information (MNA – Module not assessed, MD – Module Declared, INA – Indicator Not Assessed)																
Product stage			Construction process		Use stage							End of life				Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to construction site	Construction-installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-recovery-recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
MD	MD	MD	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA	MNA

## IMPACTUM ETICS

1 m<sup>2</sup>, EPS 10 cm

Environmental impacts: (1 m <sup>2</sup> , EPS 10 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Global warming potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.] (100 years)	8.43E+00	8.89E-02	2.67E-01	8.79E+00
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	3.50E-07	5.94E-07	8.29E-07	1.77E-06
Acidification potential of soil and water	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	6.35E-02	6.66E-04	2.09E-02	8.51E-02
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	[kg Ethene eq.]	2.49E-02	7.40E-04	1.43E-04	2.57E-02
Eutrophication potential	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq.]	1.69E-02	4.81E-05	4.66E-04	1.74E-02
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-elements) for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb eq.]	2.06E-02	8.89E-09	2.38E-06	4.44E-02
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-fossil fuels) for fossil resources	[MJ]	1.53E+02	1.18E+00	5.45E+00	1.59E+02
Environmental aspects on resource use: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 10 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	1.22E+01	1.30E-02	2.21E-01	1.24E+01
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	1.70E+02	1.24E+00	6.17E+00	1.78E+02
Use of secondary material	[kg]	1.01E+00	0.00E+00	3.68E-05	1.01E+00
Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	1.90E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.90E+00
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	2.62E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.62E+00
Net use of fresh water	[dm <sup>3</sup> ]	4.37E+00	1.03E-02	3.80E-01	4.76E+00
Other environmental information describing waste categories: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 10 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	3.00E-03	2.05E-07	1.00E-06	3.00E-03
Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	9.80E-01	4.80E-03	1.00E-01	1.08E+00
Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.00E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.00E-07
Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.40E-02	5.40E-02
Materials for recycling	[kg]	9.00E-02	0.00E+00	1.00E-02	1.00E-01
Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Exported energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00



## IMPACTUM ETICS

1 m<sup>2</sup>, EPS 15 cm

Environmental impacts: (1 m <sup>2</sup> , EPS 15 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Global warming potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.] (100 years)	1.31E+01	8.89E-02	2.67E-01	1.35E+01
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	4.88E-07	5.94E-07	8.29E-07	1.91E-06
Acidification potential of soil and water	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	1.19E-01	6.66E-04	2.09E-02	1.41E-01
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	[kg Ethene eq.]	4.81E-02	7.40E-04	1.43E-04	4.90E-02
Eutrophication potential	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq.]	3.30E-02	4.81E-05	4.66E-04	3.35E-02
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-elements) for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb eq.]	3.90E-01	8.89E-09	2.38E-01	6.28E-01
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-fossil fuels) for fossil resources	[MJ]	3.01E+02	1.18E+00	5.45E+00	3.07E+02
Environmental aspects on resource use: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 15 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	2.41E+01	1.18E-02	2.21E-01	2.43E+01
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	3.33E+02	1.24E+00	6.17E+00	3.41E+02
Use of secondary material	[kg]	1.11E+00	0.00E+00	3.68E-05	1.11E+00
Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	1.90E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.90E+00
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	2.62E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.62E+00
Net use of fresh water	[dm <sup>3</sup> ]	5.79E+00	1.03E-02	3.80E-01	6.18E+00
Other environmental information describing waste categories: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 15 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	3.00E-03	2.05E-07	1.00E-06	3.00E-03
Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	1.01E+00	4.81E-03	7.00E-02	1.08E+00
Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.00E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.00E-07
Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.00E-04	7.00E-04
Materials for recycling	[kg]	9.00E-02	0.00E+00	1.20E-02	1.02E-01
Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Exported energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

## IMPACTUM ETICS

1 m<sup>2</sup>, EPS 20 cm

Environmental impacts: (1 m <sup>2</sup> , EPS 20 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Global warming potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.] (100 years)	1.78E+01	8.89E-02	2.67E-01	1.81E+01
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	6.27E-07	5.94E-07	8.29E-07	2.05E-06
Acidification potential of soil and water	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	1.75E-01	6.66E-04	2.09E-02	1.97E-01
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	[kg Ethene eq.]	7.13E-02	7.40E-04	1.43E-04	7.22E-02
Eutrophication potential	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq.]	4.91E-02	4.81E-05	4.66E-04	4.96E-02
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-elements) for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb eq.]	5.73E-01	8.89E-09	2.38E-01	8.11E-01
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-fossil fuels) for fossil resources	[MJ]	4.49E+02	1.18E+00	5.45E+00	4.55E+02
Environmental aspects on resource use: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 20 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	3.59E+01	1.18E-02	2.21E-01	3.61E+01
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	4.96E+02	1.24E+00	6.17E+00	5.03E+02
Use of secondary material	[kg]	1.21E+00	0.00E+00	3.68E-05	1.21E+00
Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	1.90E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.90E+00
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	2.62E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.62E+00
Net use of fresh water	[dm <sup>3</sup> ]	7.21E+00	1.03E-02	3.80E-01	7.60E+00
Other environmental information describing waste categories: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 20 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	3.00E-03	2.05E-07	1.00E-06	3.00E-03
Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	1.06E+00	4.81E-03	7.00E-02	1.13E+00
Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.00E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.00E-07
Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.00E-04	7.00E-04
Materials for recycling	[kg]	9.00E-02	0.00E+00	1.20E-02	1.02E-01
Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Exported energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

## IMPACTUM ETICS

1 m<sup>2</sup>, EPS 25 cm

Environmental impacts: (1 m <sup>2</sup> , EPS 25 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Global warming potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.] (100 years)	2.25E+01	8.89E-02	2.67E-01	2.28E+01
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	7.66E-07	5.94E-07	8.29E-07	2.19E-06
Acidification potential of soil and water	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	2.31E-01	6.66E-04	2.09E-02	2.52E-01
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	[kg Ethene eq.]	9.45E-02	7.40E-04	1.43E-04	9.54E-02
Eutrophication potential	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq.]	6.52E-02	4.81E-05	4.66E-04	6.58E-02
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-elements) for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb eq.]	7.56E-01	8.89E-09	2.38E-01	9.94E-01
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-fossil fuels) for fossil resources	[MJ]	5.97E+02	1.18E+00	5.45E+00	6.03E+02
Environmental aspects on resource use: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 25 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	4.77E+01	1.18E-02	2.21E-01	4.80E+01
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	6.59E+02	1.24E+00	6.17E+00	6.66E+02
Use of secondary material	[kg]	1.31E+00	0.00E+00	3.68E-05	1.31E+00
Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	1.90E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.90E+00
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	2.62E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.62E+00
Net use of fresh water	[dm <sup>3</sup> ]	8.63E+00	1.03E-02	3.80E-01	9.02E+00
Other environmental information describing waste categories: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 25 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	3.00E-03	2.05E-07	1.00E-06	3.00E-03
Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	1.06E+00	4.81E-03	7.00E-02	1.13E+00
Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.00E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.00E-07
Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.00E-04	7.00E-04
Materials for recycling	[kg]	9.00E-02	0.00E+00	1.20E-02	1.02E-01
Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Exported energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

## IMPACTUM ETICS

1 m<sup>2</sup>, EPS 30 cm

Environmental impacts: (1 m <sup>2</sup> , EPS 30 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Global warming potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.] (100 years)	2.71E+01	8.89E-02	2.67E-01	2.75E+01
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC 11 eq.]	9.05E-07	5.94E-07	8.29E-07	2.33E-06
Acidification potential of soil and water	[kg SO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	2.86E-01	6.66E-04	2.09E-02	3.08E-01
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone	[kg Ethene eq.]	1.18E-01	7.40E-04	1.43E-04	1.19E-01
Eutrophication potential	[kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq.]	8.14E-02	4.81E-05	4.66E-04	8.19E-02
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-elements) for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb eq.]	9.39E-01	8.89E-09	2.38E-01	1.18E+00
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP-fossil fuels) for fossil resources	[MJ]	7.45E+02	1.18E+00	5.45E+00	7.51E+02
Environmental aspects on resource use: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 30 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	5.96E+01	1.19E-02	2.21E-01	5.99E+01
Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	[MJ]	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	[MJ]	8.21E+02	1.24E+00	6.17E+00	8.29E+02
Use of secondary material	[kg]	1.41E+00	0.00E+00	3.68E-05	1.41E+00
Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	1.90E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.90E+00
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	2.62E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.62E+00
Net use of fresh water	[dm <sup>3</sup> ]	1.01E+01	1.03E-02	3.80E-01	1.04E+01
Other environmental information describing waste categories: (1 m <sup>2</sup> EPS 30 cm)					
Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3
Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	3.00E-03	2.05E-07	1.00E-06	3.00E-03
Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	1.06E+00	4.81E-03	7.00E-02	1.13E+00
Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	2.00E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.00E-07
Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.00E-04	7.00E-04
Materials for recycling	[kg]	9.00E-02	0.00E+00	1.20E-02	1.02E-01
Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Exported energy	[MJ]	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

## Verification


The process of verification of this EPD is in accordance with EN ISO 14025 and ISO 21930. After verification, this EPD is valid for a 5-year-period. EPD does not have to be recalculated after 5 years, if the underlying data have not changed significantly.

The basis for LCA analysis was EN 15804 and ITB PCR A
Independent verification corresponding to ISO 14025 & 8.3.1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> external <input type="checkbox"/> internal
External verification of EPD: PhD. Eng. Halina Prejzner LCA, LCI audit and input data verification: PhD D.Sc. Eng. Michał Piasecki, <a href="mailto:m.piasecki@itb.pl">m.piasecki@itb.pl</a> Verification of LCA: PhD Eng. Justyna Tomaszewska, <a href="mailto:j.tomaszewska@itb.pl">j.tomaszewska@itb.pl</a>

## Normative references

- ITB PCR A General Product Category Rules for Construction Products
- ISO 14025 Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedure
- ISO 21930 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works — Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services
- ISO 14044 Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines
- ISO 15686-1 Buildings and constructed assets — Service life planning — Part 1: General principles and framework
- ISO 15686-8 Buildings and constructed assets — Service-life planning — Part 8: Reference service life and service-life estimation
- EN 15804 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products
- EN 15942 Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Communication format business-to-business
- KOBiZE 2021, Wskaźniki emisyjności CO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, CO i pyłu całkowitego dla energii elektrycznej

  
dr hab. inż. Michał Piasecki

**KIEROWNIK**  
Zakładu Fizyki Ciepłoty, Akustyki i Środowiska  
  
dr inż. Agnieszka Winkler-Skałna



Instytut Techniki Budowlanej

00-611 Warsaw, Filtrowa 1

Thermal Physics, Acoustics and Environment Department  
02-656 Warsaw, Ksawerów 21

**CERTIFICATE No 305/2022**  
**of TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATION**

Product:

**ETICS - CERESIT CERETHERM IMPACTUM EPS**

Manufacturer:

**HENKEL Operations Sp. z o.o.**

ul. Domaniewska 41, 02-672 Warszawa, Poland

confirms the correctness of the data included in the development of  
Type III Environmental Declaration and accordance with the requirements of the standard

**PN EN 15804+A1**

**Sustainability of construction works.**

**Environmental product declarations.**

**Core rules for the product category of construction products.**

This certificate, issued for the first time on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2022 is valid for 5 years  
or until amendment of mentioned Environmental Declaration


Head of the Thermal Physic, Acoustics  
and Environment Department



Agnieszka Winkler-Skalna, PhD



Deputy Director  
for Research and Innovation



Krzysztof Kuczyński, PhD

Warsaw, April 2022