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## Steel structures



### Owner of the EPD:

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ITB is the verified member of The European Platform for EPD program operators and LCA practitioner [www.eco-platform.org](http://www.eco-platform.org)

### Basic information

This declaration is the Type III Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) based on EN 15804+A2 and verified according to ISO 14025 by an external auditor. It contains the information on the impacts of the declared construction materials on the environment and their aspects verified by the independent body according to ISO 14025. Basically, comparison or evaluation of EPD data is possible only if all the compared data were created according to EN 15804+A2.

**Life cycle analysis (LCA):** A1-A4, C2-C4 and D modules in accordance with EN 15804  
(Cradle-to-Gate with options)

**The year of preparing the EPD:** 2022

**Product standard:** EN 1090-1

**Service Life:** 100 years

**PCR:** ITB-PCR A

**Declared unit:** 1 ton

**Reasons for performing LCA:** B2B

**Representativeness:** Polish, European, 2021

## MANUFACTURER

Fullmet has over a decade of experience in the design and manufacture of steel structures for buildings, bridges, highways, production halls and many other usages. Company employs over 70 workers and manufactures 280-320 tonnes of final products each month. Production plant is located in Końskie, Poland. Due to the ability to adapt to both European and local standards, the company has



customers all over Europe. Fullmet is constantly developing, investing in and researching new technologies to increase its production capacity, and therefore constantly exploring new markets and establishing cooperation with new customers.

For the building industry Fullmet offers an extended range of materials which include the section steel and steel elements like: steel poles as a supporting structure, steel structures for industrial construction, light steel structures, steel frames and frames, beams, structures according to customer needs, a full range of solutions is available to meet specific performance specifications.

## PRODUCTS DESCRIPTION AND APPLICATION

The steel products covered by this EPD have a number of different applications in construction sector. The actual technical documents related to the products are available on website <https://fullmet.pl/certyfikaty/>. Set of products covered by this EPD is shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Construction steel products offered by „FULLMET” Wojciech Ciepłiński sp. z o.o.

Product type	Grade	Standard
Plates, I-sections, flat bars, bars, channels, angles, T-bars, pipes.	S235/S355	EN 1090-2
Steel columns	S235/S355	EN 1090-2
Construction sections	S235/S355	EN 1090-2

Selected products (Table 1) are commonly used as: prefabricated elements, construction objects such steel structures, buildings/halls skeletons, pressure equipment, steel pipes, machines and mining supports. These products are manufactured in a variety of grades and specifications to comply with national and international quality certifications as well as to meet stringent customer specifications.

### LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA) – general rules applied

#### Unit

The declared unit is 1 ton of product.

#### System boundary

The life cycle analysis of the declared products covers “Product Stage” A1-A3, A4, C2-C4+D modules in accordance with EN 15804 and ITB PCR A (cradle to gate with options). Energy and water consumption, emissions as well as information on generated wastes were inventoried and were included in the calculation. It can be assumed that the total sum of omitted processes does not exceed 5% of all impact categories. In accordance with EN 15804+A2, machines and facilities (capital goods) required for the production as well as transportation of employees were not included in LCA.

#### Allocation

The allocation rules used for this EPD are based on general ITB’s document PCR A. Production of the covered steel products is a line process (as presented in Figure 1) conducted in the manufacturing plant located in Końskie (Poland). Input and output data from the production is inventoried and allocated to the production on the mass basis. The declaration covers a wide range of steel products. Their production resources and processing stages are basically similar, so it is possible to average the production by product weight.

#### System limits

Minimum 99.0% input materials and 100% energy consumption (electricity, LPG, other) were inventoried in a processing plant and were included in the calculation. In the assessment, all significant parameters from gathered production data are considered, i.e. all material used per formulation, utilized thermal energy, and electric power consumption, direct production waste and available emission measurements. Tires consumption for transport was not considered. Substances with a percentage share of less than 0.1% of total mass were excluded from the calculations. The packaging products (wooden pallets) are included.

#### **Modules A1 and A2: *Raw materials supply and transport***

The modules A1 and A2 represent the extraction and processing of raw materials (mainly steel elements) and transport to the production site. The steel sheets are semi-products commonly used to produce prefabricated elements, skeleton frames, steel structures. Steel used come from a specific suppliers producing steel with mainly EAF technology and partly BOF. For the production of the input steel it is declared that approx. 88% of steel used is based on recycled content. For A2 module (transport) European averages for fuel data are applied.

#### **Module A3: *Production***

The product specific manufacturing process line is presented in Figure 1, an input steel/semi-product is processed to a dedicated shape. Electricity are consumed in the process. The products are galvanized using two hot-dip and immersion methods, and painted. In the production process, technical gases and materials for welding elements are used.

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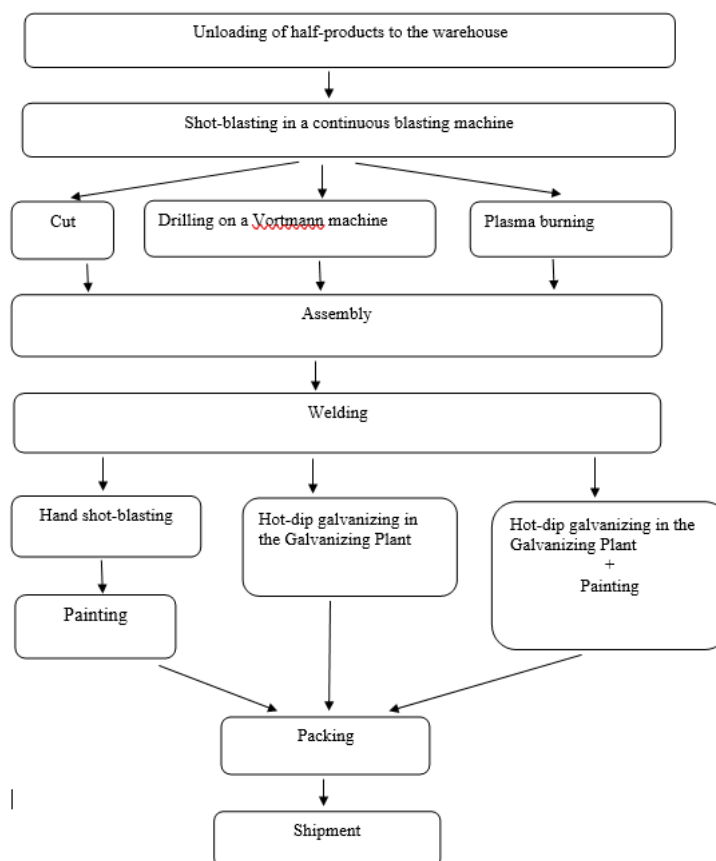


Fig. 1. A basic scheme of the steel product manufacturing process

### Module A4: Transport to construction site

Transport to the customer over a distance of 1000 km was assumed, > 16t lorry EURO 5 with a 100% load capacity.

### Modules C2-C4 and D: End-of-life (EOL)

Due to the fact that the declaration covers a wide range of steel products for various purposes and usage scenarios, it is not possible to specify the de-construction technology and the amount of energy for disassembly in C1 module (so this module is excluded from LCA). In the adapted end-of-life scenario, the de-constructed steel products are transported to a steel mill distant by 100 km on > 16t lorry EURO 5 where are used as steel scrap to produce a new steel. The recycling potential of C3 module is 98% and it is assumed that only 2% of the products will end up in a landfill – C4 module (Table 2). Module D presents credits resulting from the recycling of the steel scrap, calculated in accordance with the approach developed by World Steel Association.

Table 2. End-of-life scenario for the steel products

Material	Material recovery	Recycling	Landfilling
Steel scrap	100%	98%	2%

Electricity at end-of-life (module C) has been modelled using an average Polish electricity mix as the location where the product reaches end-of-life is unknown.

### Data collection period

The data for manufacture of the declared products refer to period between 01.01.2021 – 31.12.2021 (1 year). The life cycle assessments were prepared for Poland and Europe as reference area.

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### Data quality

The data selected for LCA originate from ITB-LCI questionnaires completed by Fullmet using the inventory data, ITB and Ecoinvent v.3.9 database. No specific data collected is older than five years and no generic datasets used are older than ten years. The representativeness, completeness, reliability, and consistency are judged as good. The background data for the processes come from the following databases: Ecoinvent v.3.9 (welding process, galvanizing process, transport, energy carriers, heat, diesel, other) and KOBiZE (Polish electricity mix and combustion factors for fuels). For steel input materials a specific EPDs were used (covering 90% of input data) and for 10% generic EPD is used. KOBiZE data is supplemented with Ecoinvent data on the national electricity mix impact where no specific indicator data is provided. Specific (LCI) data quality analysis was a part of the input data verification. The time related quality of the data used is valid (5 years).

### Assumptions and estimates

The impacts of the representative of the steel products were aggregated using weighted average.

### Calculation rules

LCA was performed using ITB-LCA tool developed in accordance with EN 15804+A2. Emission of greenhouse gases was calculated using the IPCC 2013 GWP method with a 100-year horizon. Emission of acidifying substances, Emission of substances to water contributing to oxygen depletion, Emission of gases that contribute to the creation of ground-level ozone, Abiotic depletion, and ozone depletion emissions where all calculated with the CML-IA baseline method

### Additional information

Polish electricity mix used is 0.698 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/kWh (KOBiZE).

## LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA) – Results

### Declared unit

The declaration refers to declared unit (DU) – 1 ton of the specific steel structures manufactured by „FULLMET” Wojciech Ciepliński sp. z o.o.

Table 3. System boundaries for the environmental characteristic of the steel structures

Environmental assessment information (MD – Module Declared, MND – Module Not Declared, INA – Indicator Not Assessed)																
Product stage			Construction process		Use stage							End of life				Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to construction site	Construction-installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-recovery-recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
MD	MD	MD	MD	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MD	MD	MD	MD

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Table 4. Life cycle assessment (LCA) results of the steel products manufactured by Fullmet – environmental impacts (DU: 1 ton)

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Potential	eq. kg CO <sub>2</sub>	1.41E+03	1.17E+01	3.07E+02	1.73E+03	1.67E+02	8.34E+00	1.59E+01	1.06E-01	-1.54E+02
Greenhouse gas potential - fossil	eq. kg CO <sub>2</sub>	1.39E+03	1.16E+01	2.96E+02	1.70E+03	1.66E+02	8.31E+00	1.58E+01	1.05E-01	-1.66E+02
Greenhouse gas potential - biogenic	eq. kg CO <sub>2</sub>	1.65E+00	3.98E-02	1.05E+01	1.22E+01	5.68E-01	2.84E-02	5.40E-02	2.68E-04	-1.54E+01
Global warming potential - land use and land use change	eq. kg CO <sub>2</sub>	1.70E+01	4.57E-03	3.21E-01	1.73E+01	6.52E-02	3.26E-03	6.20E-03	9.94E-05	-2.49E-01
Stratospheric ozone depletion potential	eq. kg CFC 11	3.20E-05	2.69E-06	2.62E-05	6.09E-05	3.85E-05	1.92E-06	3.65E-06	4.26E-08	-2.97E-05
Soil and water acidification potential	eq. mol H <sup>+</sup>	9.57E+00	4.72E-02	1.34E+01	2.30E+01	6.75E-01	3.37E-02	6.41E-02	9.90E-04	-2.89E+00
Eutrophication potential - freshwater	eq. kg P	1.20E+00	7.82E-04	3.77E-01	1.58E+00	1.12E-02	5.59E-04	1.06E-03	9.81E-06	-5.23E-01
Eutrophication potential - seawater	eq. kg N	1.46E+00	1.43E-02	1.01E+00	2.49E+00	2.04E-01	1.02E-02	1.93E-02	3.45E-04	-5.17E-02
Eutrophication potential - terrestrial	eq. mol N	1.30E+01	1.56E-01	5.18E+01	6.49E+01	2.22E+00	1.11E-01	2.11E-01	3.77E-03	-1.83E+00
Potential for photochemical ozone synthesis	eq. kg NMVOC	4.84E+00	4.76E-02	1.34E+00	6.22E+00	6.80E-01	3.40E-02	6.46E-02	1.10E-03	-2.87E+00
Potential for depletion of abiotic resources - non-fossil resources	eq. kg Sb	2.63E-03	4.12E-05	3.75E-02	4.02E-02	5.89E-04	2.95E-05	5.60E-05	2.42E-07	-2.41E-02
Abiotic depletion potential - fossil fuels	MJ	1.67E+04	1.73E+02	4.78E+03	2.16E+04	2.47E+03	1.23E+02	2.34E+02	2.89E+00	-3.00E+03
Water deprivation potential	eq. m <sup>3</sup>	2.82E+02	7.99E-01	2.02E+02	4.85E+02	1.14E+01	5.70E-01	1.08E+00	9.16E-03	-3.49E+01

Table 5. Life cycle assessment (LCA) results of the steel products manufactured by Fullmet – additional impacts indicators (DU: 1 ton)

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A4	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	disease incidence	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235	eg. kBq U235	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems	CTUe	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential comparative toxic unit for humans (cancer effects)	CTUh	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential comparative toxic unit for humans (non-cancer effects)	CTUh	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Potential soil quality index	dimensionless	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA

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Table 6. Life cycle assessment (LCA) results of the steel products manufactured by Fullmet - the resource use (DU: 1 ton)

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	C2	C3	C4	D
Consumption of renewable primary energy - excluding renewable primary energy sources used as raw materials	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Consumption of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total consumption of renewable primary energy resources	MJ	1.40E+03	2.48E+00	3.72E+02	1.77E+03	3.54E+01	1.77E+00	3.36E+00	2.51E-02	-6.49E+01
Consumption of non-renewable primary energy - excluding renewable primary energy sources used as raw materials	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Consumption of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Total consumption of non-renewable primary energy resources	MJ	1.77E+04	1.73E+02	4.96E+03	2.28E+04	2.47E+03	1.23E+02	2.34E+02	2.89E+00	-4.35E+03
Consumption of secondary materials	kg	9.39E+02	5.79E-02	4.09E-01	9.40E+02	8.27E-01	4.14E-02	7.86E-02	6.07E-04	-7.45E+02
Consumption of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	3.21E+03	6.38E-04	1.66E-03	3.21E+03	9.11E-03	4.56E-04	8.66E-04	1.59E-05	-3.21E+03
Consumption of non-renewable secondary fuels	MJ	5.82E-01	0.00E+00	1.94E+00	2.53E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-5.82E-01
Net consumption of freshwater resources	m <sup>3</sup>	9.17E+00	2.17E-02	1.20E+01	2.12E+01	3.10E-01	1.55E-02	2.95E-02	3.16E-03	1.99E+00

Table 7. Life cycle assessment (LCA) results of the steel products manufactured by Fullmet – waste categories (DU: 1 ton)

Indicator	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	2.57E+01	1.94E-01	4.10E+01	6.69E+01	2.77E+00	1.38E-01	2.63E-01	3.07E-03	-2.56E+01
Non-hazardous waste	kg	6.22E+02	3.44E+00	1.24E+02	7.50E+02	4.92E+01	2.46E+00	4.67E+00	4.32E-02	-7.52E+02
Radioactive waste	kg	1.44E+01	1.29E-05	1.29E-02	1.44E+01	1.84E-04	9.21E-06	1.75E-05	1.92E-05	-1.44E+01
Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	2.05E+01	5.35E-04	5.00E+02	5.20E+02	7.64E-03	3.82E-04	7.26E-04	5.78E-06	0.00E+00
Materials for energy recovery	kg	2.25E+02	4.32E-06	2.87E-05	2.25E+02	6.18E-05	3.09E-06	5.87E-06	6.85E-08	0.00E+00

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### Verification

The process of verification of this EPD is in accordance with ISO 14025 and ISO 21930. After verification, this EPD is valid for a 5-year-period. EPD does not have to be recalculated after 5 years, if the underlying data have not changed significantly.

The basis for LCA analysis was EN 15804 and ITB PCR A
Independent verification corresponding to ISO 14025 (subclause 8.1.3.) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> external <input type="checkbox"/> internal
External verification of EPD: Halina Prejzner, PhD. Eng. LCA, LCI audit and input data verification: Michał Piasecki, PhD., D.Sc., eng.

Note: The declaration owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the declaration. Declarations within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable. Declarations of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025

### Normative references

- ITB PCR A General Product Category Rules for Construction Products
- EN 1090-2:2018 - Execution of steel structures and aluminium structures - Technical requirements for steel structures
- EN 1090-1+A1:2011 - Execution of steel structures and aluminium structures Requirements for conformity assessment of structural components
- ISO 14025:2006, Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures
- ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works – Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services
- ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines
- ISO 15686-1:2011 Buildings and constructed assets – Service life planning – Part 1: General principles and framework
- ISO 15686-8:2008 Buildings and constructed assets – Service life planning – Part 8: Reference service life and service-life estimation
- EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products
- ISO 14067:2018 Greenhouse gases — Carbon footprint of products — Requirements and guidelines for quantification
- PN-EN 15942:2012 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Communication format business-to-business
- ISO 20915:2018 Life cycle inventory calculation methodology for steel products
- KOBiZE Wskaźniki emisyjności CO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, CO i pyłu całkowitego dla energii elektrycznej. Grudzień 2021 (published in Polish)
- World Steel Association 2017 Life Cycle inventory methodology report for steel products





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**CERTIFICATE No 405/2022**  
**of TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATION**

Product:

**Steel structures**

Manufacturer:

**“FULLMET” Wojciech Ciepliński sp. z o.o.**

ul. Fabryczna 7, 26-200 Końskie, Poland

confirms the correctness of the data included in the development of  
Type III Environmental Declaration and accordance with the requirements of the standard

**EN 15804**

**Sustainability of construction works.**  
**Environmental product declarations.**  
**Core rules for the product category of construction products.**

This certificate, issued for the first time on 29<sup>th</sup> December 2022 is valid for 5 years  
or until amendment of mentioned Environmental Declaration

Head of the Thermal Physic, Acoustics  
and Environment Department

  
Agnieszka Winkler-Skalna, PhD



Deputy Director  
for Research and Innovation

  
Krzysztof Kuczyński, PhD

Warsaw, December 2022